EMPLOYEE POLICIES SERIES 200

Bear Grass Charter School

2013 EDITION

Table of Contents(To be inserted in final draft once headers are finalized and policies approved.)

200 PERSONNEL – POLICIES AND PROCEDURES

201 OVERVIEW

Hiring, developing, and retaining excellent employees is the most effective way to assure an excellent education. The following policies are to be interpreted and implemented to uphold this objective.

202 LEGAL COMPLIANCE

The Board and its employees shall strive to comply with and to enforce all policies, procedures, and practices consistent with all laws and regulations governing the School.

202.1 Equal Employment Opportunity

The School shall provide equal opportunities for employment and compensation for all persons without regard to race, color, sex, age, religion, national origin, disability, veteran status or other protected legal classifications. All applicants for employment and employees will be evaluated, respectively, based on their qualifications and performance.

202.2 Reasonable Accommodation

The School shall comply with federal and state duties not to discriminate against qualified individuals with a disability or because of a sincerely held religious belief. The School shall strive to reasonably accommodate any individual applicant for employment or employee who is entitled to such accommodation, provided such accommodation does not impose an undue burden or risk to the safety or health of any other person in the School community.

202.3 Fair Labor Standards Act Compliance

The School shall comply with the wage and hour requirements of Fair Labor Standards laws, including minimum wage and overtime requirements for covered non-professional staff.

202.3.1 Workweek

For purposes of such compliance the employee workweek shall be from 12:00 a.m. Sunday to 11:59 p.m. the following Saturday.

202.3.2 Time and a half for overtime

Covered employees (typically non-professional and support staff) shall be entitled to time and a half pay for all hours worked beyond forty in a given work week except as provided in this policy regarding compensatory time. No covered employee shall engage in overtime except when approved in writing by an authorized supervisor or in emergency or other extraordinary circumstances when it is necessary for safety or other compelling reasons; in such instances the employee shall promptly notify the authorized supervisor. Violations of this policy may result in disciplinary action, including dismissal. Supervisors shall make every attempt to modify employee schedules to avoid their working more than forty hours in a given week.

202.3.3 Record-keeping

Covered employees shall maintain specific and accurate daily records of their hours worked on forms provided by the School. Such records shall use specific, not approximate, times worked.

202.3.5 Volunteer Work

Non-exempt employees may volunteer to work at school-related activities provided the work is entirely voluntary, is without coercion, and is in an entirely different capacity from the employee's regularly assigned duties. Employees may not volunteer to perform the same or similar types of services that they are employed to perform for the School. Such work will be treated as regular work and be subject to hourly compensation and overtime rules. In instances where volunteer work should be approved or constitutes similar work, the supervisor should consult with the school attorney or other informed persons.

202.4 State and Federal Employee Rights Notices

The School provides notice herein and in a prominent place at the School to employees of their various rights under state and federal law. Copies of these notices may be found online at <u>http://www.nclabor.com/posters/posters.htm</u>. They include the following:

- N.C. Labor Laws Notice
- Workers' Compensation Notice
- Equal Opportunity is the Law Notice
- Fair Labor Standards Act Minimum Wage Notice
- Employee Polygraph Protection Act (EPPA)
- Family Medical Leave Act (FMLA)
- Workers With Disabilities Paid at Special Minimum Wage
- Employees Working on Government Contracts
- Uniformed Services Employment and Re-employment Rights Act (USERRA)

203 EMPLOYEE CLASSIFICATIONS, TERMS, AND DISTINCTIONS

203.1 Classifications and Distinctions

The Board employs various types of employees, each with a unique and important role that helps fulfill the School's mission. The student's benefit when each person performs his or her role well and in coordination with others,.

Employee classification depends on such things as job responsibilities, extent and term of employment, contractual considerations, and extent of work performed.

The various classifications and combinations of classifications may dictate the legal or contractual rights and duties of each individual employee. Classifications and distinctions include the following:

- a. Instructional, administrative, and support staff
- b. Full-time, part-time, permanent, and temporary staff
- c. Salaried, hourly, contractor, and volunteer staff
- d. At-will and specific-term contracted staff

203.2 Instructional, Administrative, and Support Staff

Instructional and administrative employees are sometimes referred to, collectively, as professional staff because they often require and possess specialized professional training, experience, and skill. Such employees are typically (but not necessarily) paid as salaried employees exempt from overtime laws.

- **203.2.1 Instructional staff members** are those whose primary function directly or indirectly involves classroom teaching or the supervision thereof.
- **203.2.2** Administrative staff members oversee and manage the various operations of the School and/or supervision of instruction and are typically involved in School-wide decision-making. Such staff members have discretionary authority to make decisions. Administrative employees include the School Principal(s), Assistant Principal(s), and other appointed for similar oversight and discretionary roles.
- **203.2.3** Support staff members support and enable the instructional and administrative functions and are essential to effective delivery of instruction and to school operations. Such employees do not typically require advanced education to perform their work.

When circumstances require, the Principal, or his or her designee shall, with necessary assistance from legal counsel or other qualified professional, formally designate an employee as instructional, administrative, or support staff and identify which of these employees are exempt and covered employees by wage and hour laws.

203.3 Full-time or Part-time, Permanent or Temporary Employment

- **203.3.1 Full-time Employment** *involves a regular workweek of thirty or more hours of work.*
- **203.3.2 Part-time Employment** involves a regular or occasional workweek of less than thirty hours of work.

These employees are not eligible for any leave, but may qualify for retirement benefits when they meet the special eligibility requirements outlined in the School's retirement plan.

203.3.3 Permanent Employment *staff members are employed to work on an ongoing basis.* **Temporary Employment** *staff members are employed for an interim, short-term, or occasional period of time.*

203.4 Salaried, Hourly, Contractor, and Volunteer Staff

Full-time professional and support staff members are paid a regular salary. Part-time support staff members are paid an hourly wage subject to overtime laws. Contractor staff members are self-employed or employed by another organization and provide

services as required by the School; they are paid pursuant to the contract terms with the contracting agent or organization. Volunteer staff members provide services to the school on an unpaid basis.

203.5 At-Will Staff

The type of employment which staff members are hired shall be at-will At-will employees may be part-time or full-time, permanent or temporary, and professional or support staff employees, depending on the terms of their respective contracts.

All staff members are employed as at will employees and serve at the pleasure of the Board and have no guaranteed duration of employment. Generally, support staff and, in some cases interim, temporary or part-time instructional and administrative staff members are employed at will.

The rights, duties, and procedures by which the School binds itself contractually are contained strictly in the employment contracts. No School policies are considered part of the School's contractual obligations unless they are incorporated explicitly within specific employment contracts.

204 EMPLOYMENT PROCEDURES: HIRING, EVALUATION, AND SEPARATION

204.1 Hiring of Employees

The Board is responsible for hiring or approving the hiring of competent and wellqualified staff based on the School's greatest needs. It shall do so, normally, upon the recommendation of and in coordination with the Principal. The Board may also delegate to the Principal the authority to make final employment decisions and to inform the Board of such decisions. In all instances, staff involved in hiring and supervision shall make every reasonable effort to conduct their duties in a responsible manner, to act only in the best interests of the School, to be able to explain and justify their decisions, and to document their efforts.

204.1.1 Job Postings

All job positions should normally be posted at least two weeks before filling such positions except in extraordinary circumstances necessitating a shorter period or no posting, as determined by the Principal.

204.1.2 Employment Applications and Files

The School shall maintain a separate file for all pre-employment job applications. Such files are confidential and shall not be disclosed to employees or past employees.

204.1.3 Review and Interview Process

Staff responsible for processing applications and conducting interviews shall do so in a fair and expeditious manner, keeping a reasonable documented record of their efforts, interview questions, and related efforts that help to demonstrate how and why specific employment decisions are made.

204.1.4 Candidate Evaluation

The following components will be considered, as applicable, when evaluating candidates for employment.

- a. Application
- b. Academic qualifications

- c. Skill-based qualifications
- *d. Record of experience, including background information, performance reviews, and references*
- *e. State licensure (for teaching positions for which licensure is required or desirable)*

Professional instructional employees normally must hold or be eligible to hold North Carolina licensure in the area of employment for which application is sought. In such instances establishing and maintain licensure with the North Carolina Department of Public Instruction is the responsibility of the individual employee. If a provisional or expired licensure is held, the employee must meet all requirements for certificate extension or renewal. Failure to establish or maintain a current licensure may be grounds for dismissal.

- f. Student teaching experience for teaching positions
- g. Criminal background Check (upon recommendation for hire)
- h. Personal interviews
- i. Other relevant information

204.1.5 Reference Check

When a person is a considered a viable finalist for a position, the hiring personnel shall check prior employment references. A reasonable number of such references should be completed before offering a job to an applicant. References may and, for some key position applications, should be contacted beyond those provided by the applicant. The hiring staff should normally communicate to such applicants the possibility of such reference checks. Information obtained from such reference checks should be reasonably documented in the confidential preemployment file. The applicant may also be required to sign an acknowledgment and release of liability for obtaining such information.

204.1.6 Criminal Background Check

All prospective employees, including substitutes with substantial contact with students, must successfully pass criminal records checks as required by the Board Applicants shall answer completely and accurately all questions on their employment application with regard to previous criminal history. Failure to do so may preclude the applicant from being hired and subject a current employee to dismissal. Applicants shall consent in writing to a preliminary criminal record check and post-employment criminal record check and to provide fingerprints and other identifying information required to complete such checks. Failure to consent or to provide relevant information may result in rejection of an applicant or dismissal of current employee.

The following shall apply with respect to criminal records check:

- a. Federal and state record checks will be performed for all applicants or conditional employees, in all states where the applicant or conditional employee has resided and worked.
- b. The applicant or conditional employee will not be employed if the criminal record check and supporting records, upon confirmation, reveal a "criminal history," defined as the conviction of a crime, whether a misdemeanor or felony, that indicates the employee (1) poses a threat to the physical safety of students or personnel, or (2) has demonstrated that

he or she does not have the integrity or honesty to fulfill his or her duties as a school employee.

- c. Conviction of a crime, as used in this policy, includes the entry of (1) a plea of guilty, no contest, or the equivalent, (2) a verdict or finding of guilt in a court of law or military tribunal or (3) a prayer for judgment. The School shall consult with legal counsel or obtain a certified copy of an applicant's or conditional employee's conviction notice prior to making any final employment decision based on the criminal history.
- d. If the School considers criminal history in rejecting an applicant or dismissing a conditional employee, the Principal or his designee shall prepare written findings with regard to how such information was used.
- e. The Principal or his designee shall provide to the State Board of Education information on where to obtain the record of conviction, including the person's name, criminal case number, and the county of conviction for a person who is certified or licensed by the State Board of Education.
- f. If a criminal record check reveals that an applicant or conditional employee was charged with but not convicted of a crime, whether misdemeanor or felony, and such charge indicates that the employee may not meet the Board's employment standards, the Principal may conduct further investigations into the person's conduct and the circumstances surrounding the charge.
- g. Applicants and current employees shall notify the School if they are charged with or convicted of a criminal offense (including entering a plea of guilt or no contest) except for minor traffic violations.
- h. Information obtained as a result of a criminal record check shall be kept confidential as required by state law and regulations. The School shall retain only hardcopy records from a criminal history check conducted through the North Carolina Department of Justice. These records shall be kept in a locked, secure place, separate from the individual's personnel file.
- *i.* If the School conducts criminal record checks that are subject to the Fair Credit Reporting Act, it shall provide employees or applicants with all required notices and disclosures before conducting the record check or taking adverse employment action against the employee or applicant.

204.1.7 Nepotism

The hiring of direct relatives of current employees and board members should be avoided and, when necessary, limited and confined to circumstances necessitating such hiring and properly approved by the Board. Any such person hired shall not be under the direct supervision of or be evaluated by that person's relative.

204.1.8 Applicant Selection

Applicants recommended for hire by the Board may be notified of such recommendations. Such persons should be informed that recommendations require the approval of the Board and shall be followed by formal job offers and terms of agreement. Employment agreements shall normally be in writing and shall specify the basic terms and conditions of employment All such agreements shall be approved by the Board, signed by the Principal and the applicant, and filed in the applicant's personnel file. A person recommended for hire may, on the discretion of the Board or its designee, begin employment on a conditional basis pending the outcome of a criminal history check and final approval by the Board.

204.1.9 Contracts for Employment

Unless otherwise stated by agreement, employees must sign and return their employment agreements to the office of the Principal within three working days from the date the agreements are presented, or their offers are deemed withdrawn.

Agreements requiring licensure will be valid only after such licensure has been secured or as dictated by the respective employment contract. It is the responsibility of employees to provide any documentation or licensure to the appropriate division of the North Carolina Department of Public Instruction or licensing agency.

204.1.10 Extra Duty Contracts

Instructional staff members assigned extra duty responsibilities who have an extra duty clause in the "special conditions' section of their employment agreements may be required to continue to fulfill such duties and responsibilities as a condition of continued employment. Failure to do so may be considered grounds for dismissal.

204.1.11 Health Certificate

New employees and reinstated employees separated for more than one year must file a completed health certificate with the Principal upon initial employment or reemployment. The certificate must indicate that the employee does not have any physical or mental condition, including a communicable disease, which unavoidably threatens the safety or health of any person in the school community.

Employees who have one of the above mentioned conditions must take a leave of absence. Before returning to work they must file a physician's certificate with the Principal indicating that they are free from any such condition or disease, which unavoidably threatens the safety or health of any person in the school community. The Board may require employees to take a physical examination when necessary.

Employees who have been absent for more than 40 successive school days because of one of the above stated conditions or diseases must, before returning to work, submit a certificate certifying that they are free from such condition as may unavoidably threaten the safety or health of any person in the school community.

204.1.12 New Employee Orientation

The School will normally provide all new employees with initial training regarding the School's mission, objectives, performance standards and expectations, policies, procedures and best practices. Such training should also be made available and tailored to support staff and other employees as feasible.

204.1.13 Student Teachers

The Board authorizes the Principal or a designee to enter into agreements with accredited colleges and universities that establish student teaching opportunities.

The Principal or a designee may remove a student teacher if that teacher's presence is determined to be detrimental to student welfare or school operations.

204.1.14 Substitute Teachers

Substitute teachers are employed to take the place of teachers who are temporarily absent or unable to fulfill their responsibilities.

Individuals seeking employment as substitute teachers must apply to the School. All substitute teachers shall be approved by the Principal and shall be assigned by the Principal or his designee.

204.1.15 Personnel Files

The Principal shall keep a personnel file for each employee. Separate sub-files shall be maintained, including the following:

- a. Pre-employment file: containing application documents, references, background information, interviewing and hiring notes, and other similar data.
- b. Informal Anecdotal file(s): containing informal notes and records including performance and attendance notes, and other data collected by an employee's supervisor or other administrator
- c. Primary Personnel file: containing most formal employee information and data, including, but not limited to, attendance, leave, dates of employment, formal performance evaluations, complaints, commendations, employment status, salary, and benefits data
- *d. Medical and Health file: containing any employee information pertaining to medical and health matters*

Personnel information available for public disclosure, upon request, includes the following: employee name, age (not date of birth), date of original employment, current classification title, current salary, date and amount of most recent change in salary, and date of most recent promotion, demotion, transfer, suspension, separation, or other changes in position classification.

204.2 Professional Development

Professional development is important for employee growth and effectiveness. The goal of staff development is to improve the skills and knowledge needed by all staff to carry out their duties related to instruction and all school programs. The Principal will promote opportunities for staff development.

Licensed personnel seeking to sustain their licenses shall request of the Principal in advance, approval for credit to be received and applied towards meeting licensure renewal requirements.

204.3 Evaluation and Advancement

204.3.1 Overview

Effective personnel evaluation is essential to foster effective professional growth, performance, and operations. All employees will normally be evaluated and supported in their work based on a process developed and implemented by the Principal. The Principal or his designee is responsible for clearly communicating the process to all employees.

Exceptional employee performance may warrant the award of performance bonuses and salary increases based on the Principal's recommendations. The Board will make similar determinations for the Principal and Assistant Principal based on a performance review process adopted by the Board.

204.3.2 Performance Evaluation

The goals for evaluation are:

- a. to assure understanding of effective performance and professional expectations;
- b. to assure effective and efficient operation of the School;
- c. to support professional improvement and advancement; and
- d. to determine continued employment, promotion, and compensation.

The evaluation provides a written record of the employee's service to the School, and provides a tool for growth and improvement of the employee. The evaluation must be fair and equitable and be conducted in a confidential manner.

A copy of the evaluation will be placed in the employee's personnel file.

The evaluation shall be done in cooperation with the employee's immediate supervisor. Upon completion of the evaluation process the supervisor will submit the evaluation for the employee in the online performance evaluation system. Both parties will sign the evaluation, a copy via online performance evaluation system will be available to the employee, and the original shall be placed in the employee's personnel file. Employees may attach written comments to the original signed evaluation. An employee's signature is not meant to indicate agreement with the evaluation, but to show the he has seen and reviewed the evaluation with the evaluator.

Staff requiring special oversight and support may be subject to action plans.

204.3.3 Action Plans

An employee who receives unsatisfactory ratings on an evaluation may be placed on an action plan to improve the employee's performance, unless the employee is recommended for dismissal, demotion or nonrenewal. An action plan may also be used whenever appropriate to address performance concerns.

- 1. The action plan will contain a statement of the employee's performance concern(s) and list specific expectations for improvement. The Principal or his designee may consider input from the employee in developing the plan.
- 2. While on the action plan, the employee's performance will be periodically reviewed to determine compliance with the objectives of the action plan.
- 3. If the employee's performance fails to meet expectations stated in the plan, the Principal will decide whether to recommend that the employee be dismissed or demoted.
- 4. An action plan constitutes a warning to the employee that the employee must improve his performance in order to continue working for the School.
- 5. This policy does not limit the Principal's authority to recommend dismissal for any reason allowed by law.

204.3.5 Principal Evaluation

The Board will establish a process and evaluate the Principal(s) on an annual basis. The evaluation results will be discussed in a closed session of a board meeting. The Board will note areas for improvement and areas of strength in the Principal's performance. This policy does not create any independent contractual obligation or right on behalf of the Principal.

204.4 Employment Separation and Procedures

These provisions apply when an employee's relationship to the School is terminated for any reason, including retirement, resignation, disability, long-term leave, reduction in force, nonrenewal, or dismissal.

204.4.1 Resignation

An employee who wishes to voluntarily resign a position should provide advanced written notice of such resignation, particularly as required by the employee's contract. State ethics rules require licensed educators to provide at least 30 days advanced notice. The Principal is authorized by the Board to negotiate and accept resignations and such acceptance shall be final and binding. The Principal may waive the requirement for advanced notice of resignation. The requirement of advanced notice of resignation does not negate any contractual obligation owed by an employee to complete the term of his employment contract.

204.4.2 Disability

The School is committed to complying with all disability laws and regulations and to reasonably accommodate any disabled employees to enable them to perform their essential job functions. In accordance with the law, employees may need to be placed on a non-active status and/or be separated for reasons of disability when they are unable to perform their essential functions with or without an accommodation. Employees and job applicants who are or become disabled and require a reasonable accommodation are encouraged to communicate their needs and discuss options with an appropriate School supervisor to address issues related to the need for accommodation or a necessary change in job or application status. Disabled employees, by law, may be held to the same performance standards as non-disabled employees.

204.4.3 Retirement

Eligible employees receive retirement benefits offered by the School, which may be subject to change from time to time. The School will make available any necessary information to such employees regarding the type and nature of the School's retirement plan and benefits and other information to enable eligible employees to participate fully and in an informed manner.

204.4.4 Nonrenewal

The Board acknowledges that an important aspect of attaining excellence in education is the quality of the teaching and administrative staff. The Board strives for excellence and to employ only those employees who exhibit the necessary skills and commitment to excellence in their work. Separation may result when the Board, upon the Principal's recommendation, chooses not to renew the contract of an employee at the end of the contract term.

204.4.5 Termination

Separation may result when an employee is dismissed for any reason allowed by law or contract. Unless otherwise required, the Principal may, in their discretion, provide reasonable advanced notice to an employee when the Principal becomes aware that he/she is likely to recommend such dismissal. The dismissal process shall be governed by any applicable contract terms.

204.4.7 Separation Procedures

When an employee separation occurs, the employee shall promptly turn in to the Principal or designee all keys, employee identification, and other School property or records, including any files or other information of a confidential nature belonging to the school. The employee shall receive, in a timely fashion, all compensation and other benefits to which he is entitled at the time of separation. The Principal or designee may establish other procedures for employee separation.

205 COMPENSATION, BENEFITS, AND LEAVE

The School shall compensate employees according to the terms of their respective employment contracts and in compliance with governing laws and state benefits. The School offers certain benefits to all of its eligible employees pertaining to leave, health care, and retirement. The School's personnel staff will provide information and assistance regarding these benefits to employees and applicants to enable them to be properly informed and to receive such benefits. Employees should contact the personnel staff regarding any questions they have or assistance they require.

205.1 Compensation

The School shall compensate employees in accordance with the law and its contractual obligations for salaried, contract, and hourly employees. The School reserves the right to award special compensation such as bonuses and incentive pay as it deems appropriate. Hourly employees shall be strictly paid according to precisely kept hourly time sheets that must be completed in an accurate and timely fashion by such employees. Employees will be paid on a regular schedule as established by the School.

205.2 Benefits

Eligible employees shall be entitled to health care and retirement benefits as established from time to time by the School. In addition, the School may provide other benefits such as supplemental health, dental, vision, and disability coverage or insurance as dictated by Board decision and procedures. The School's personnel staff shall provide all necessary information regarding such benefits so that employees are properly informed regarding these benefits.

205.3 Leave

205.3.1 Overview and Eligibility

The School shall establish employee leave benefits and these shall be communicated to school employees. The Principal or designee shall monitor employees' absences. Leave will be charged to employees in minimum units of one-half day. Employees shall use designated forms and procedures to request leave.

205.3.2 Annual Leave – Leave Days

The School shall establish employee leave benefits and shall communicate the availability of these benefits to school employees.

Should an employee use all leave, any subsequent time off shall be without compensation. An employee entitled to and requiring the use of leave shall notify a supervisor reasonably in advance whenever possible. When advance

notice is not feasible the employee shall provide prompt notice as soon as possible.

205.3.3 Other Unpaid Extended Leave

The Board authorizes the Principal to grant leave without pay for the following circumstances:

- a. military service;
- b. birth or adoption of a child;
- c. professional advancement for instructional personnel; and
- d. personal illness in excess of regular sick leave.

Such leave may be approved by the Principal for a period of up to one calendar year and, where required by law, for periods exceeding one year. Any leave to which an employee is entitled under state or federal law may be counted toward the leave authorized by this section. Leave taken for birth or adoption of a child may be extended to the remainder of the school year when the leave would otherwise end in the latter half of the school year. Leave will normally not be granted to take vacation trips, engage in non-school related business, or to accept other employment.

Whenever possible, an employee shall notify their immediate supervisor 30 calendar days in advance of the time for which leave is sought.

The following procedures shall normally apply in such instances.

- a. The employee's immediate supervisor shall, with the employee, decide on the specific details of a request for leave.
- b. For any request for leave up to and including thirty days, the Principal shall have the authority to grant the request.
- c. If the leave is more than thirty days, the Principal, may approve the leave but shall notify the Board at its next meeting. In such cases, the terms of the leave shall be contained in a written agreement between the employee and the School.
- d. The employee shall use all available leave benefits (i.e., sick leave and annual leave) as appropriate and in compliance with the State Board Policy before taking any leave without pay.
- e. In instances when an employee's return to work is uncertain, the employee shall provide advanced written notice at the earliest possible time to the Principal of the intent to return to work.
- *f.* In granting any leave of absence, consideration shall be given to the welfare of the school, students, and the employee.

Upon returning to service, the employee shall be assigned, to the extent feasible, to duties similar to those performed prior to the beginning of the leave. The School is not required, however to guarantee reinstatement to the same position or duties held before leave is taken if such position or duties are no longer needed and not contractually required.

205.3.6 Religious Leave

Employees may take leave for up to two days each school year for a personal religious holiday that is not a vacation day or holiday recognized on the school calendar. Leave for such religious holidays under this provision must be approved

in writing in advance by the Principal. Religious leave must be made up at a mutually agreed upon time or the employee may use earned annual leave.

205.3.7 Parental Leave

Permanent employees who are parents or guardians of a school-aged child may take up to four hours of paid leave per calendar year to attend or be involved with their child's school. Leave not taken within the calendar year is forfeited. Leave must be approved by an employee's immediate supervisor and, barring exceptional circumstances, must be requested at least one day prior to the date of the leave.

205.3.8 Military Leave

Employees are granted military leave in accordance with state and federal regulations. Employees seeking military leave are responsible for requesting such leave at the earliest possible time and must provide a copy of military orders or appropriate documentation evidencing performance of required (not voluntary) military duty to the Board.

205.3.9 Jury Duty – Court Appearance

Employees are granted paid leave for mandatory jury duty, attendance in court for an official duty, or attendance under subpoena or court order. Paid leave is not granted for other court appearances.

205.3.10 Temporary Disability and Reinstatement

Employees may be authorized to take a temporary leave of absence due to temporary disability. At the termination of the period of temporary disability, the employee shall be reinstated in his position whenever feasible. Where the period of temporary disability exceeds thirty working days, the employee's immediate supervisor and Principal shall confer with the employee. The Principal shall determine when the employee is to be reinstated, taking into consideration the welfare of students and the continuity of instruction.

205.4 Workers Compensation

All employees are protected from workplace injuries under the state's Workers' Compensation laws. Employees seeking Workers' Compensation benefits must immediately report the workplace injury to the immediate supervisor or Principal; and complete, as soon as feasible, an Employee Statement, describing the injury, causes and related details.

206 DUTIES, SCHEDULES, AND RESPONSIBILITIES

206.1 General Job Duties

All employees have designated positions and duties for which they are responsible. In addition to such duties, employees are also expected to fulfill any other reasonable duties as assigned by their supervisors. Employees are expected to be present for duty at all times and in a timely fashion unless they must be absent or take leave for approved reasons.

All employees shall familiarize themselves and comply with the policies and procedures of the School. Employees shall serve as positive role models for students and be responsible to support and assist, to the extent feasible, with:

- a. The safe and efficient operation of the School;
- b. The growth and development of students;

- c. Compliance with applicable state and federal laws; and
- d. All efforts necessary to promote an excellent education.

206.2 Extra Duties for Professional Staff

Instructional and Administrative staff members are expected to perform certain noncurricular and extra-curricular duties as assigned by their Principal or designee. These may include, but are not limited to, attending parent or other after-school meetings, supervising extra-curricular activities, attending workshops or planning sessions, supervising carpool lines or other student activities.

206.3 Job Descriptions

Employees shall be responsible for carrying out all of the stated responsibilities as outlined in the job description for the position for which they were hired, as well as, any additional implied and assigned duties for their positions.

206.4 Work Schedule

206.4.1 Instructional Staff

The regular workday for instructional staff will normally be seven and a half hours as specified by the Principal. The workday may be altered at the discretion of the Board or Principal provided that the workday shall continue until the teacher has completed professional responsibilities to the students and the School. Examples of the kinds of activities which might require the continuation of professional service beyond the normal school day, defined by the time of the departure of students, include, but are not limited to, program development, professional development activities, faculty meetings, bus duty, parent conferences, additional help for individual students, and care of school property and equipment.

206.4.2 Non-Instructional Staff

The normal workday for most full-time support staff employees will be eight hours with exceptions made for particular job assignments on a case-by-case basis.

206.5 Arrival and Punctuality

All staff members shall be punctual in arriving for work and attending to their job duties. Hourly employees shall keep detailed and specific time sheets, recording their exact time of arrival and departure (e.g., rounding off minutes is not permitted). Instructional staff members are normally required to be at school at least twenty minutes before the beginning of the instructional day and at least twenty minutes after the end of the instructional day for the benefit of planning, meeting and working with pupils or parents, or engaging in other collaborative work. Other arrival and departure times may apply depending on particular needs of the day.

Professional staff will work a regular workday and be present during hours established by the Principal.

206.6 Lesson Plans

Teachers are required to prepare daily lesson plans and to have detailed plans available for their substitutes.

Page 16 of 32

The likelihood of improved instruction is enhanced when all teachers are given a reasonable amount of time during each day of instruction to plan lessons. Instructional staff shall normally be given time for planning during most regular school days.

206.7 Teacher Workdays

All instructional and other required staff members are expected to report for work on non-instructional days, including teacher workdays, unless they have been granted advance approval not to attend on such days. In such a situation, a leave day will be used for a workday absence. If a leave day is unavailable, leave will be granted without compensation.

206.8 Travel

Employees must submit a written request for travel prior to undertaking job-related reimbursable travel not part of the employee's regular responsibilities. Reimbursement for approved travel expenses shall be at established rates approved by the School. The Principal must approve excess per diem expenses in advance and in writing.

207 PRACTICES, CONDUCT, AND DISCIPLINE

207.1 General Standards of Conduct

School employees, especially professional staff, are privileged to hold positions of influence with students and in the School community. They must conduct themselves as role models, upholding high standards of integrity, trust, and professionalism. Employees must always aspire to perform their job duties, written and unwritten, in a highly competent, respectful, ethical and legal manner, regardless of whether there is a specific governing policy or rule.

All professional educators licensed in North Carolina are also duty-bound to know, comply with, and report violations of the state's **Code of Professional Practice and Conduct for North Carolina Educators.** Other professional staff should also be familiar with and strive to uphold the Code's values. The Code is contained in Appendix II of these policies.

A staff that models such behaviors and attitudes can profoundly shape students' behavior for good, thus promoting a long-term impact that benefits our students, our school community, school families, and other communities in which students eventually live.

207.2 Honor Code Policy

All employees shall conduct themselves truthfully; consistent with high standards of academic integrity. This precludes making any false or misleading statements in applying for or during employment; plagiarism; or other acts of academic dishonesty.

207.3 Outside Employment

Employees shall not accept any other employment while they are employed at the School, regardless of the time of year, including summer months, when such employment:

- a. Conflicts with the effective performance of employee school duties;
- *b. Disrupts, discredits or otherwise undermines the School's educational program or reputation;*
- c. Involves work that, actually or is likely, to compete with the educational offerings or financial development of the School;

- d. Involves work for or compensation from School students or their parents without prior advanced approval from the Principal; or
- e. Conflicts with the employees' duty to be a role model to students.

207.4 Dress Code

All employees shall dress and groom themselves in a professional manner consistent with their job duties. The Principal or designee may establish specific rules and procedures consistent with this policy in order to promote a professional environment. Any employee in violation of this policy may be asked by their supervisor to change their grooming practices.

207.5 Confidential Information and Nondisclosure

Employees shall protect all confidential and sensitive information regarding students, personnel, and other school information from improper disclosure. All student and employee performance information shall be communicated only with and to, respectively, employees or parents who have a legal right and need to know such information.

207.6 Political and Other Controversial Expression

The impartial teaching of political or controversial issues, where such teaching or information reasonably and directly relates to course or curriculum content, is acceptable, subject to proper discretion and applicable approval from a supervisor. The Principal may establish guidelines and procedures for such instruction. However, employees are prohibited from expressing support of or opposition to political candidates or positions during class time or at other times in their capacity as a teacher or employee. They are not to encourage students to take a particular position in political, religious, or other matters of a personal nature.

207.7 Conflict of Interest and Undue Influence

Employees shall not use their positions to act in a manner that compromises the School's integrity or conflicts with their duties. This includes, but is not limited to the following.

- a. Employees shall not enter into business negotiations or transactions with the School on their own behalf or on behalf of another. Specifically, employees or their family members may not derive any monetary benefit in providing merchandise or services to the School unless such benefit has been fully disclosed in advance and approved by the Board.
- b. Employees shall not use confidential school information for their or another's personal gain.
- *c. Employees shall not use their positions or assignments to unfairly or unduly influence students by:*
 - *i.* Receiving fees from educational institutions for the recruitment of students;
 - *ii. Recruiting students to participate in private business activities that benefit employees or their family, colleagues, business associates, or friends;*
 - *iii.* Requiring or requesting students to participate in activities or events which require more than nominal costs;
 - iv. Receiving fees or other remuneration of more than a nominal amount for the recruitment, enlistment, or chaperoning of students for private promotions. Employees may, with the Principal's permission, announce educational trips for

which the employee may receive remuneration if it does not interfere with class time for such announcements.

207.8 Relationships with Students

Employees are prohibited from dating, courting, or entering into a romantic or sexual relationship with any student enrolled in the School, regardless of the student's age. Any employee who has reason to believe that another employee is inappropriately involved with a student, as described above, shall report this information to the Principal. An employee who violates this policy may be subject to disciplinary, civil and/or criminal sanction.

207.9 Gifts

School employees may not accept gifts of more than nominal value from students, parents, vendors, and other patrons of the school community. Students are encouraged to express gratitude to employees by letter or other appropriate form. This policy may be waived by the Principal or Board in special circumstances (e.g., special gifts from students or parents for retiring teacher).

207.10 Tutoring

The School strives to offer a flexible, varied instructional program in order to minimize the need for students to obtain private tutoring. In cases where private tutoring is recommended or necessary, employees may provide this service under the following conditions:

- a. The Principal must approve tutoring by an employee for a fee;
- b. Teachers are not permitted to tutor for pay any students currently enrolled in one of their classes;
- c. Use of expendable school supplies is prohibited except as approved; and
- *d.* An employee is prohibited from receiving compensation for referring a student to another tutor or agency.

207.11 Facility and Property Use

Employees shall use and support the use of school property in a safe and effective manner, consistent with the intended purposes of such property. Personal use of school facilities or property is generally prohibited except for insubstantial, non-disruptive personal uses of telephones, computers, and other small equipment when such use does not impose more than a nominal cost to the School and has not otherwise been prohibited or restricted by policy or directive.

207.12 Harassment

The Board is committed to providing an environment that is conducive to learning, free from harassment, especially harassment based on race, religion, gender, ethnicity, national origin, or disability, or any other form of illegal harassment.

Harassment is an unwelcomed offensive verbal, nonverbal or physical conduct that is sufficiently severe, persistent or pervasive that it significantly affects the conditions of an employee's employment or a student's learning. Harassment includes, but is not limited to, abusive jokes, insults, slurs, name-calling, threats, bullying or intimidation, unwelcome sexual advances, or the exchange of benefits for performance of sexual or other favors. Harassment is prohibited at all levels: between students, between employees and students, between coworkers, between supervisors and subordinates, or between nonemployees and employees and/or students.

Nothing in this policy precludes the School from taking disciplinary action against an employee where the evidence does not establish harassment but the conduct otherwise fails to satisfy the School's high expectations for appropriate conduct.

207.13 Sexual Harassment

Because of its particular pervasiveness in the workplace, the School establishes this particular policy regarding sexual harassment. No employee shall engage in sexual harassment against any student, other employee, or another person in the School community.

Sexual harassment includes any unwelcome sexual advance, request for sexual favors, or sexually suggestive comments when:

- a. Submission to the conduct is made either explicitly or implicitly as a term or condition of an individual's employment or education.
- b. Submission to or rejection of such conduct by an individual is used as a basis for student or employment decisions affecting such individuals.
- c. Such conduct has the purpose or effect of unreasonably interfering with an individual's academic or work performance or creating an intimidating, hostile, or offensive working or educational environment.

Examples of sexual harassment include, but are not limited to, deliberate, unwelcome touching; suggestions or demands for sexual involvement accompanied by implied or overt promises or threats; pressure for sexual activity; continued or repeated offensive sexual flirtations, advances or propositions; continued or repeated verbal remarks about an individual's body; sexually degrading words used toward or in the presence of an individual or to describe an individual; or the display of sexually suggestive objects, signals, or pictures.

A hostile environment exists if the conduct of a sexual nature is sufficiently severe, persistent, or pervasive to limit a person's ability to participate in or benefit from the educational program or creates a hostile or abusive educational or work environment.

Romantic or sexual advances toward students by employees or romantic or sexual relationships between school system employees and students are always prohibited in all circumstances. Employees engaging in inappropriate relationships with students or who fail to report such relationships by others to the Principal shall be subject to disciplinary action, up to and including dismissal.

207.14 Reporting Harassment Charges

All complaints of harassment shall be promptly and thoroughly investigated, documented, and monitored, with appropriate follow-up and disciplinary action taken to remedy any act of harassment. The following process shall apply.

a. All complaints, investigations and follow-up action shall be confidential. Only individuals and employees in a need-to-know position are entitled to receive, report, or provide such information.

- b. Any person who is subject to or aware of any harassing behavior may report the matter orally or in writing to a supervisor. Any employee who knows of such behavior shall immediately report such information to a supervisor and the supervisor shall promptly inform the Principal. If a supervisor is involved, a report may be made directly to the Principal. If the Principal is involved, the report may be made to the Board chairperson or co-chairperson.
- *c.* Any disciplinary action taken should be reasonably calculated to end any harassment.
- *d.* No employee or student shall be subject to negative or retaliatory action for reporting or assisting in the investigation of an allegation of harassment.
- e. The Principal or his designee shall coordinate compliance with all applicable laws with respect to sexual harassment, particularly Title IX of the Education Amendments of 1972.
- f. Any person filing a complaint under this policy who is unsatisfied with its handling may file a formal grievance pursuant to the School's grievance procedures.
- g. Nothing in this or any other school policy shall be construed to prevent any person from pursuing any other remedies available under state or federal law.

207.15 Substances

The School is committed to being a community, free of unhealthy substances, including illegal controlled substances, tobacco, and alcohol.

207.15.1 Tobacco

Bear Grass Charter School, Inc. recognizes that the use of tobacco products is a health, safety, and environmental hazard for students, employees, visitors, and school facilities. The Board of Directors believe that the use of tobacco products on school grounds, in school buildings, and facilities, on school property or at school-related or school-sponsored events is detrimental

to the health and safety of students, staff and visitors. The Board of Directors acknowledges that adult employees and visitors serve as role models for students. The Board of Directors recognizes that it has an obligation to promote positive role models in schools and promote a healthy learning and work environment, free from unwanted smoke and tobacco use for the

students, employees, and visitors at the school. Finally, the Board of Directors recognizes that it has the legal authority and obligation pursuant to G.S. 115C-407 policy prohibiting Tobacco Use in School Buildings as well as the federal Pro-Children's Act, Title X of Public Law 103-227 and the No Child Left Behind Act.

207.15.2 Controlled Substances and Alcohol

The use of illegal controlled substances and alcohol while on any school property, at any school-related activity, or in any other venue where the conduct in question is likely to negatively impact or undermine the operation or well-being of the School or its members, is prohibited. Employees are subject to the following requirements.

- a. Employees shall not engage in the unlawful manufacture, distribution, possession or use of any controlled substance or unauthorized, excessive alcohol use.
- b. Employees shall not engage in excessive use of prescription or nonprescription drugs or use that impairs their ability to carry out their job duties. (The proper use of a drug authorized by a valid medical prescription from a legally authorized health care provider shall not be considered a violation of this policy if it does not interfere with the performance of job duties.)
- c. Employees may be subjected to a search of their person, locker, desk or other school property under their control in the workplace based on reasonable suspicion of an employee's selling, distributing, possessing or using a controlled substance or alcohol in the workplace.
- d. Employees may be subjected to testing for the use of alcohol or controlled substances affecting job performance based on a supervisor's reasonable suspicion of such activity.
- *e.* Any illegal drug activity shall be reported to the appropriate law *enforcement authority.*
- f. Employees who refuse a drug or alcohol-screening test may be disciplined or terminated. Cost of the screening will be borne by the Board.
- g. Employees will be provided information concerning available counseling, rehabilitation, re-entry programs and potential discipline for controlled substance violations.
- h. Employees shall notify their supervisor of any criminal charge, conviction, guilty plea, or no contest plea pertaining to any drug- or alcohol-related offense immediately following such action.

207.16 Weapons

The School shall be free of all weapons not legally possessed by law enforcement officials or otherwise authorized by the Principal or the Board. No employee or other agent of the School shall carry or encourage another person to carry, whether openly or concealed, a weapon as defined below, onto school property at any time.

A "Weapon" is any gun, rifle, pistol, or other firearm of any kind, or any dynamite cartridge, bomb, grenade, mine, or powerful explosive as defined in G.S. 14-284.1, any knife, BB gun, air rifle, air pistol, sling shot, blackjack, metal knuckles, bludgeon, bowie knife, switchblade, dirk, dagger, leaded cane, stun gun or other electronic shock weapon, razors and razor blades (except solely for personal shaving), and any sharp-pointed or edged instrument except for the following: instructional supplies, unaltered nail files and clips and tools used solely for preparation of food, instruction, and maintenance, on school property or otherwise authorized or necessary to support the operations of the School.

Any employee who is aware that an unauthorized weapon has been carried onto school property or possessed at a school function shall immediately notify a supervisor or the Principal.

207.17 Communicable Diseases

The Board aims to provide a safe and secure environment for all students and employees. To balance the need to protect the rights of students and employees and to control the spread of communicable diseases and conditions, decisions regarding the employment status of employees with communicable diseases or conditions shall be made on a case-by-case basis in accordance with this policy, sound judgment, and applicable legal requirements.

A communicable disease or condition is defined as an illness due to an infectious agent, or its toxic products, which is transmitted directly or indirectly to a person from an infected person or animal.

This policy applies to all legally reportable communicable diseases, including HIV and AIDS, as set forth in state regulations.

- a. In order to preventing the spread of communicable diseases, universal health and safety precautions, which include regulations regarding the cleanup of all bodily fluids (including blood), shall be distributed by the Principal designee and shall be followed by all school employees. Instances of an employee's failure to follow the universal precautions shall be reported to the Principal.
- b. In accordance with North Carolina General Statute section 130A-136, the Principal or other supervisors shall report suspected cases of reportable communicable diseases or conditions to the county health director for investigation and shall provide available factual information to substantiate the report. Such reports shall remain strictly confidential and may be shared only with other staff members as necessary to prepare and file a report. All staff members who are made aware of any such report shall keep the information strictly confidential. Without releasing any information that would identify the affected employee when not required, the Principal or supervisor shall report suspected cases of reportable communicable diseases or conditions to the Board Chairperson.
- c. Any employee suffering from a communicable disease or condition shall follow all control measures issued by the county health director and shall take all necessary precautions to prevent the transmission of the disease or condition. Any school employee who has reason to believe that a fellow employee is suffering from a reportable communicable disease and that the fellow employee is failing to follow safe practices shall report this to the Principal, supervisor or health director. Failure to follow control measures may result in sanctions or termination against the offending employee. An employee suffering from a communicable disease is encouraged to inform the Principal so that appropriate accommodations and precautions can be put in place.
- d. If the county health director notifies the Principal that an employee with a communicable disease or condition may be posing a threat to public health, this employee shall cooperate with the health director in eliminating the threat.
- e. The Board shall follow all applicable state and federal laws and regulations and this policy in determining when an employee with a communicable disease or condition shall be required to take leave from his position or otherwise be restricted from continuing his employment.
- f. If an employee diagnosed with a communicable disease or condition believes he or she is unable to perform his or her regular duties or risks the transmission of the disease to other members of the school community, he or she may request that his or her duties be altered. The employee seeking alteration in the conditions of employment must apprise

the Principal of his or her condition, submit medical documentation, and suggest and discuss possible workplace accommodations.

207.18 Blood-borne Pathogens

The Principal shall designate a blood-borne pathogens compliance officer who shall develop a plan in accordance with the regulations established by the US Department of Labor pursuant to the Occupational Safety and Health Act and the North Carolina Occupational Safety and Health Blood-borne Pathogens Standards. The plan shall be designed to eliminate or minimize employee exposure to infectious bodily fluids and secretions and shall include appropriate training and specific precautions that all employees must take when dealing with blood and bodily fluids.

For employees with occupational exposure to blood and bodily fluids, the plan shall include appropriate training, provision of Hepatitis B vaccinations, and specific work practice precautions to minimize contact with potentially infectious bodily fluids. Employees with "occupational exposure" are those employees who can reasonably anticipate coming into contact with blood and bodily fluids in the normal performance of their assigned work duties.

A copy of the Blood-borne Pathogens Exposure Control Plan shall be updated as required by state and federal law and made accessible to all employees. A copy shall be maintained in the school office.

It shall be the duty of each employee to familiarize himself with the provisions of the Blood-borne Pathogens Exposure Control Plan and to comply with all stated provisions. Failure to comply shall be cause for disciplinary action.

The North Carolina Department of Labor's "A Guide to Blood-borne Pathogens in the Workplace" is available at, http://www.nclabor.com/osha/etta/indguide/ig7.pdf.

207.19 Legal Defense

Employees charged with a criminal or civil offense arising directly from good faith performance of their duties with the School may request of the Board legal representation at the Board's expense. In such instances, the Board shall first determine, when feasible, whether a requesting employee has acted in good faith in the performance of his duties. The Board shall also communicate with its insurance carrier regarding the matter. The employee must notify the Board of current or potential litigation at the earliest feasible moment.

The Board is not obligated to provide any representation. The Board shall not provide representation if it determines either of the following:

- a. the employee actions or omissions upon which the civil or criminal action is based were not within the scope and course of his duties; or
- *b. the employee acted or failed to act in a responsible manner because of willful intent, fraud, corruption, or malice.*

207.20 Reporting Information to Outside Agencies

School officials and staff shall comply with all reporting obligations required by state and federal law. These include the following:

207.20.1 Reports to the State Superintendent of Public Instruction

If the Principal "knows or has substantial reason to believe" that a licensed employee has engaged in conduct involving physical or sexual abuse of a student, he shall report such information to the Superintendent of Public Instruction or his designee pursuant to state regulation. Failure to report such information may be grounds for certificate revocation or suspension. For purposes of this requirement, physical abuse means the infliction of serious physical injury other than by accidental means and other than self-defense. The term sexual abuse means the commission of any sexual act upon a student or causing a student to commit a sexual act regardless of the age of the student and regardless of the presence or absence of consent.

207.20.2 Reports to Law Enforcement

The Principal or other supervising administrator who reasonably suspects that an act has occurred on school property involving intentional conduct resulting in serious personal injury to another or the threat thereof, sexual assault or other sexual offense, kidnapping, possession of a firearm or other weapon in violation of the law, or possession of a controlled substance in violation of the law, shall immediately report the act to the appropriate law enforcement agency.

207.20.3 Reports to the Department of Social Services

Pursuant to state law, any person who has "cause to suspect" that a child has been abused or neglected by a caretaker must promptly report such suspicion to the local Department of Social Services. Employees are encouraged to confer promptly with the Principal in determining what measures to take before or following any such report. Under state law, any person who makes such a report in good faith is immune from liability.

At the time this policy was adopted, the law provided in part, as follows:

§ 7B-301. Duty to report abuse, neglect, dependency, or death due to maltreatment.

"Any person or institution who has cause to suspect that any juvenile is abused, neglected, or dependent, as defined by G.S. 7B-101, or has died as the result of maltreatment, shall report the case of that juvenile to the director of the department of social services in the county where the juvenile resides or is found. The report may be made orally, by telephone, or in writing. The report shall include information as is known to the person making it including the name and address of the juvenile; the name and address of the juvenile's parent, guardian, or caretaker; the age of the juvenile; the names and ages of other juveniles in the home; the present whereabouts of the juvenile if not at the home address; the nature and extent of any injury or condition resulting from abuse, neglect, or dependency; and any other information which the person making the report believes might be helpful in establishing the need for protective services or court intervention. If the report is made orally or by telephone, the person making the report shall give the person's name, address, and telephone number. Refusal of the person making the report to give a name shall not preclude the department's investigation of the alleged abuse, neglect, dependency, or death as a result of maltreatment....

Further information and guidelines on this topic are available at http://ncinfo.iog.unc.edu/pubs/electronicversions/rca/rca.htm

207.20.4 Reports to the Department of Health

The Principal shall report suspected cases of reportable communicable diseases or conditions to the County Health Department for investigation. Without releasing information that would identify the employee, the Principal shall also report suspected cases of reportable communicable diseases or conditions to the Board Chairperson. Any employee who has reason to believe that a fellow employee or a student has a reportable communicable disease and is not following safe practices shall report the situation to the Principal or a supervisor. The Principal or supervisor shall report such unsafe conduct to the County Health Department. In the absence of the Principal or supervisor, the employee must report the situation to the County Health Principal. Confidentiality of reports is protected by law and school officials are immune from liability for such reports when made in good faith.

208 EMPLOYEE GRIEVANCES, INVESTIGATIONS, AND DISCIPLINE

208.1 Employee Grievances

It is the policy of Bear Grass Charter School, Inc, in keeping with the ultimate goal of serving the educational welfare of children, to develop and practice reasonable and effective methods of resolving difficulties which may arise among employees. The intent is to reduce potential areas of grievances and to establish and maintain recognized channels of communications between staff and administration. The purpose of this procedure is to secure, at the lowest possible level, equitable solutions to the problems which arise from time to time and affect employees.

Employee Grievances shall be guided by school-wide grievance procedures in effect at the time the grievance arises. These are attached as an Addendum 1 to this policy Series.

208.2 Disciplinary Measures and Procedures

Employees may be subject to disciplinary measures for any violation of school policies, practices, directives, or legal requirements. This policy does not preclude the School's right to discipline or terminate an at-will employee for any other basis permitted by law or contract.

The Principal may subject an employee to any appropriate discipline including, but not limited to, the following:

- a. Informal reprimand;
- b. Formal, written reprimand filed in the employee's personnel file;
- c. Suspension with pay;
- d. Disciplinary suspension without pay;
- e. Demotion in position or salary;
- f. Reduction or deduction in pay;
- g. Suspension without pay preceding dismissal;
- h. Dismissal; or
- *i.* Other discipline as deemed appropriate by the Principal.

An employee may request a board hearing to appeal a disciplinary action or recommendation by the Principal under Level Three of the employee grievance procedures in Section 208.1.

209 EMERGENCY PROCEDURES

209.1 Overview and Notification

The Principal may delay the opening of or may close the School when there is a threat or potential safety threat due to inclement weather, mechanical failure, or other circumstance. In such instances, the School will notify members of the school community as promptly as possible via such outlets as the local news media, electronic mail, school Voice Message System, and the school website.

In some situations the Principal may require specific employees to report to work at times other than those specified.

209.2 Delayed Openings

In cases of delayed school opening, employees normally are expected to report to work in advance of such opening in the same intervals that apply during regular hours, unless they receive notice to the contrary.

If an employee does not believe they can report at the appointed time, they should notify the Principal as soon as possible. In such instances, the staff member shall be required to make up the time missed unless otherwise accepted by the Principal.

Grievance Process and Appeals of Administrative Decisions.

A. Introduction and Objectives. The School seeks to provide a process by which students, parents, and staff can resolve concerns in a timely and effective manner while balancing this with the need for efficient and effective School operations. Toward this end, this policy establishes mechanisms by which grievances should be addressed through informal and, if appropriate, formal means. All references herein to the Principal include any person assigned as the Principal's designee.

B. Informal Grievance Procedure. All concerns should first be addressed directly and informally with the persons involved. This includes reasonably notifying those causing and involved in the grievance, allowing them to reasonably respond, and an opportunity to make good faith efforts toward resolution. If necessary, individuals involved are encouraged to seek the assistance of an objective party to assist with informal resolution.

C. Formal Grievance Procedure. Persons must seek informal, timely resolution before filing a formal grievance, unless doing so is not reasonably feasible, would be futile, or if formal grievance procedures are legally required. The grievant may then file a formal grievance with the Principal within 10 school days after the last informal attempt at resolution; if informal resolution is not required, the employee shall file the grievance within 10 school days of the last instance causing the grievance.

The formal procedure shall be initiated by submitting to the Principal a written request for redress that succinctly states the specific grievance(s), the supporting facts, the basis in Board policy or law (citing specific policies or laws), the requested relief, and the efforts made to resolve the matter informally. The Principal may require submission of an approved form for such grievance filing.

The Principal shall determine whether informal resolution requirements have been satisfied or are not required. If the Principal determines that the grievant is entitled to a formal grievance process, he shall provide a copy of the formal grievance to all other persons implicated by the grievance. The Principal shall reasonably investigate and consider the matter (which may include meeting with the parties involved and holding an informal hearing) and issue a decision within 10 school days from the date of the grievance is filed; additional time for the Principal's decision shall be allowed when reasonably required by circumstances. All deliberations shall be held in confidence where feasible and involve only persons in a need-to-know position. A decision by the Principal under these grievance procedures shall be considered a "final administrative decision."

D. Appeals of Right to the School Board. *A person has the right to appeal any final administrative decision affecting a constitutional or other legal interest, and/or an interest of the type listed below:*

(1) Suspension or expulsion of a student for more than 10 days (per School suspension and expulsion procedures required by Chapter 115C, Article 27 of the North Carolina General Statutes);

- (2) An alleged violation of a specified federal or state law, State Board of Education rule, or local board policy;
- (3) The loss or reduction of salary of a school employee under a specific-term contract who is not employed at will; or
- (4) Any other decision that, by law, provides for a right of appeal to the school board and for which there is no other statutory appeal procedure.

Any person seeking a hearing under this section, within 10 school days after the final administrative decision by the Principal, may request a Board hearing, by submitting to the Board Chairperson a request in writing by certified mail or personal delivery. The person making such request shall also promptly deliver a copy of the hearing request to the Principal.

Addendum II

Standards of Professional Conduct for North Carolina Licensed Educators (16 NCAC 06C .0602)

16 NCAC 06C .0602 STANDARDS OF PROFESSIONAL CONDUCT

(a) The standards listed in this Section shall be generally accepted for the education profession and shall be the basis for State Board review of performance of professional educators. These standards shall establish mandatory prohibitions and requirements for educators. Violation of these standards shall subject an educator to investigation and disciplinary action by the SBE or LEA.

(b) Professional educators shall adhere to the standards of professional conduct contained in this Rule. Any intentional act or omission that violates these standards is prohibited.

- (1) Generally recognized professional standards. The educator shall practice the professional standards of federal, state, and local governing bodies.
- (2) Personal conduct. The educator shall serve as a positive role model for students, parents, and the community. Because the educator is entrusted with the care and education of small children and adolescents, the educator shall demonstrate a high standard of personal character and conduct.
- (3) Honesty. The educator shall not engage in conduct involving dishonesty, fraud, deceit, or misrepresentation in the performance of professional duties including the following:
 - (A) statement of professional qualifications;
 - (B) application or recommendation for professional employment, promotion, or licensure;
 - (C) application or recommendation for college or university admission, scholarship, grant, academic award, or similar benefit;
 - (D) representation of completion of college or staff development credit;
 - (*E*) evaluation or grading of students or personnel;
 - (F) submission of financial or program compliance reports submitted to state, federal, or other governmental agencies;
 - (G) submission of information in the course of an official inquiry by the employing LEA or the SBE related to facts of unprofessional conduct, provided, however, that an educator shall be given adequate notice of the allegations and may be represented by legal counsel; and
 - (H) submission of information in the course of an investigation by a law enforcement agency, child protective services, or any other agency with the right to investigate, regarding school related criminal activity; provided, however, that an educator shall be entitled to decline to give evidence to law enforcement if such evidence may tend to incriminate the educator as that term is defined by the Fifth Amendment to the U.S. Constitution.
- (4) Proper remunerative conduct. The educator shall not solicit current students or parents of students to purchase equipment, supplies, or services from the educator in a private remunerative capacity. An educator shall not tutor for remuneration students currently assigned to the educator's classes, unless approved by the local superintendent. An educator shall not accept any compensation, benefit, or thing of value other than the educator's regular compensation for the performance of any service that the educator is required to render in the course and scope of the

educator's employment. This Rule shall not restrict performance of any overtime or supplemental services at the request of the LEA; nor shall it apply to or restrict the acceptance of gifts or tokens of minimal value offered and accepted openly from students, parents, or other persons in recognition or appreciation of service.

- (5) Conduct with students. The educator shall treat all students with respect. The educator shall not commit any abusive act or sexual exploitation with, to, or in the presence of a student, whether or not that student is or has been under the care or supervision of that educator, as defined below:
 - (A) any use of language that is considered profane, vulgar, or demeaning;
 - (B) any sexual act;
 - (*C*) any solicitation of a sexual act, whether written, verbal, or physical;
 - (D) any act of child abuse, as defined by law;
 - (*E*) any act of sexual harassment, as defined by law; and
 - (F) any intentional solicitation, encouragement, or consummation of a romantic or physical relationship with a student, or any sexual contact with a student. The term "romantic relationship" shall include dating any student.
- (6) Confidential information. The educator shall keep in confidence personally identifiable information regarding students or their family members that has been obtained in the course of professional service, unless disclosure is required or permitted by law or professional standards, or is necessary for the personal safety of the student or others.
- (7) Rights of others. The educator shall not willfully or maliciously violate the constitutional or civil rights of a student, parent/legal guardian, or colleague.
- (8) Required reports. The educator shall make all reports required by G.S. 115C.
- (9) Alcohol or controlled substance abuse. The educator shall not:
 - (A) be under the influence of, possess, use, or consume on school premises or at a school-sponsored activity a controlled substance as defined by G.S. 90-95, the Controlled Substances Act, without a prescription authorizing such use;
 - (B) be under the influence of, possess, use, or consume an alcoholic beverage or a controlled substance on school premises or at a school-sponsored activity involving students; or
 - (C) furnish alcohol or a controlled substance to any student except as indicated in the professional duties of administering legally prescribed medications.
- (10) Compliance with criminal laws. The educator shall not commit any act referred to in G.S. 115C-332 and any felony under the laws of the United States or of any state.
- (11) Public funds and property. The educator shall not misuse public funds or property, funds of a school-related organization, or colleague's funds. The educator shall account for funds collected from students, colleagues, or parents/legal guardians. The educator shall not submit fraudulent requests for reimbursement, expenses, or pay.
- (12) Scope of professional practice. The educator shall not perform any act as an employee in a position for which licensure is required by the rules of the SBE or by G.S. 115C or the North Carolina General Statutes during any period in which the educator's license has been suspended or revoked.

(13) Conduct related to ethical violations. The educator shall not directly or indirectly use or threaten to use any official authority or influence in any manner that tends to discourage, restrain, interfere with, coerce, or discriminate against any subordinate or any licensee who in good faith reports, discloses, divulges, or otherwise brings to the attention of an LEA, the SBE, or any other public agency authorized to take remedial action, any facts or information relative to actual or suspected violation of any law regulating the duties of persons serving in the public school system, including but not limited to these Rules.

History Note: Authority G.S. 115C-295.3; Eff. May 1, 1998.